

# **AIGA 2005 Meeting**

### Packaged Gases: Changes in the Past 25 Years

Andrew Webb Air Products

Singapore August 30, 2005

# Packaged Gases: Changes in the past 25 years

- Why 25 years ?
- A number of reasons.....
  - Period of great change
    - Technically
    - Operationally
    - Legislatively
    - Customer Focus
    - Industry consolidation
    - Role of the trade Associations





#### Some History up to 1980.....

- Gas Cylinders had not changed very much since the first patent in 1886
- Slow and steady changes in steel quality
- More sophisticated design formulae
- Aluminium Cylinders arrived in commercial quantities in the 1960s.
- Composite cylinders in specialist applications

Patent Picture to be added



### **Cylinder Efficiency**

- How do you measure the efficiency of a cylinder?
- No agreed measurement
- Not just pressure or weight but a ratio
  - Some use M<sup>3</sup>/kg
  - Others Kg/M<sup>3</sup>
- Preferred method for AP is Kg/M<sup>3</sup>



#### **Cylinder Efficiency to 1980s**

Graph to be added



AIGA

# Cylinder Efficiency to 2000

Graph to be added



# AIGA

## So what happened (1)

- A number of changes
  - Improved steels
  - New Aluminium Alloys
  - Design Formulae
     Changes
- However, a cylinder is still heavy





## So what happened (2)

- Composite Cylinders arrived in commercial quantities
- Three main types
  - Hoop Wrapped
  - Fully Wrapped
  - NO line

Composite pictures to be added



Improved Efficiency Why Important?

- Improved efficiency means less cylinders and less vehicles
- Reduced deliveries
- Reduced number of fill cycles



#### Decreased Weight & Increased Pressure

- Both lighter and light weight cylinders were now available.
- Gas Companies were buying cylinders for 300 Bar and building facilities for 300 Bar
- Great.....but hold on !!!!!!!

Drawing to be added



# n?? <mark>Ale</mark>/

### What is the problem??

- 300 Bar is not really much use to a user or for that matter neither is 200 Bar
- To help the customer need to supply the pressure that the customer needs.
- Led to the development of Cylinder Valves with Integrated Pressure Regulators (VIPRs)



#### Valves with Integrated Pressure Regulators

Pictures of VIPRS



AIGA



#### And if you put them together.....

Picture of heligas cylinders and medical composite cylinders and VIPRS



#### **Operational Changes**

- Palletisation
  - Filling
  - Transport
- Distribution Methods
  - Small Bulk
- Supply Chain



AGA

Add in Cryoservice picture



## Legislation



In 1980 Cylinder Legislation in Europe was a mess.

Each Country had its own approval authority for new cylinders and retested cylinders

A cylinder could be "illegal" if you took it across the road

Lets look at the map.....



#### Europe/Asia

Map to be added



AIGA

# AIGA

### What was happening?

- Not very much in 1980.....
  - ISO standards were being written but only adopted as National Standards in a few countries
- But then in early 1980s.....
  - "Pressure" from a number of areas.....
    - European Union
    - Gas Companies
    - Cylinder and Valve Makers



### **The Result**



- By 2005 the dissappearance of National Cylinder Standards in Europe
- Replaced by one set of common standards across the European Union
- Now being replaced by International Standards......ISO
- Legislation to permit the free movement and use of gas cylinders across Europe.





## **The Bigger Picture**

- We need to have a global approach to cylinder use
- ISO is one step
- UN Mark is another, recently permitted approval that enables free transport, but not use.
- Singapore leads.....

Picture of a UN Marked cylinder



### Harmonisation

- Benefits
  - Safety
  - We are all using the same set of rules
  - Rework is reduced
  - Better use of assetts
- Disadvantages
  - Very Few
    - Some loss of flexibility at a National Level

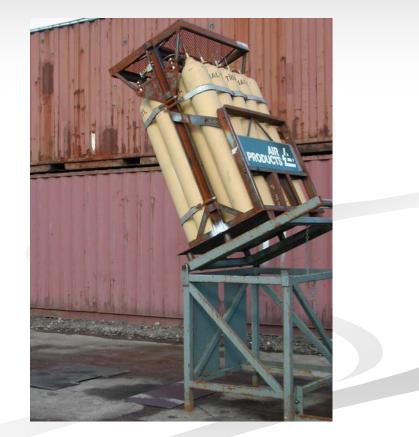


# AIGA

#### **Harmonisation Examples**

- Bundle test
  - Harmonised Standard
  - Bundle has to withstand 1.2 metre drop and not leak
  - Heavier design
  - Does not leak or suffer so much operational damage
  - Overall benefit
    - Level playing field

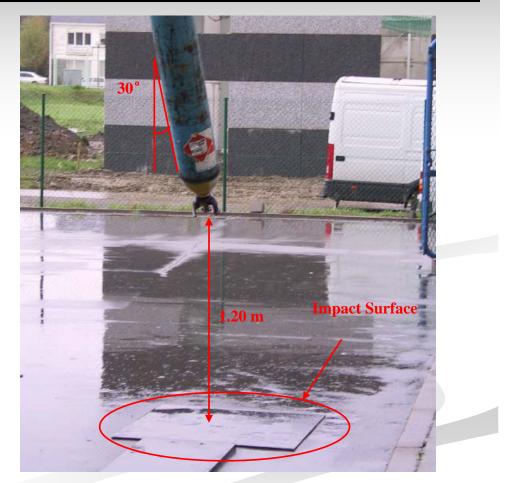
**ISO/DIS 11755** 





# Harmonisation Examples

- Drop Test of Valve Protection
  - To an agreed set of parameters
  - Ensure consistancy across all designs
  - Safety is ensured



ISO 11117





### **Harmonisation Examples**

 Adiabatic Testing of Cylinder Valves

 Ensure valves meet a minium service criteria
 Consistancy
 Safety

ISO 10297 With thanks to Air Liquide CTE Hopefully clip from AL



# AIGA

# **Legislative Changes on Supply**

- Medical Gases
  - Twenty Five years ago little different to an industrial gas
  - Today highy regulated across the US and European Union
  - Separate filling areas
  - Demands on analysis and traceability

AIR /

Picture of fill area

# Legislative Changes on Supply

- Food Gases
  - As with Medical Gases little regulation twenty five years ago
  - Whilst not at the level of medical gases expect to see this change
  - Looks as if it will end up close to medical gases

Food gases picture



#### **Trade Associations**

Trade association logos



AIGA

## **Role of Trade Associations**

- Very Important
  - Continue to undertake the role of a "learned society"
  - In Europe, over the past twenty five years a focal point for the Authorities to talk to
- Many Examples in Europe
  - Asbestos in acetylene cylinders
  - Lead in brass cylinder valves



ALFA

## **Challenges for Asia**



- Asia position is similar to Europe twenty five years ago
- Opportunities to move in a similar direction to Europe
  - No need to be as slow or make the same mistakes
  - Need to be rigourous in the application of rules



# AIGA

### **Challenges for Asia**

- Cylinder Ownership
  - Need to have clear policies and processes on cylinder ownership
  - Ensure a set of rules are followed by AIGA members
  - Lobby National Governments to ensure legislation is introduced and enforced to protect cylinder owners



### **The Next Twenty Five Years**



- Some Packaged Gases Predictions
  - There will be truely global cylinders, no National Boundaries
  - Charging Pressures will have increased across the globe to be upto 500 Bar
  - Composite cylinders will be very common
  - Cylinders will be produced in a different manner



#### **Twenty Five Years of Change**

Picture of old Oxygen cylinders





AR