ACETYLENE GAS SAFETY SEMINAR 2009



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Council of Labor Affairs Executive Yuan



Taiwan High Pressure
Gas Industrial Association

SAHTECH 安全衛生技術中心

Safety & Health Technology Center

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Recycling of disposed (scrapped) Acetylene Cylinders

- CRC Nishi Nippon Experience

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Corporation









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Treatment

→The whole process from scrapped cylinders to final products















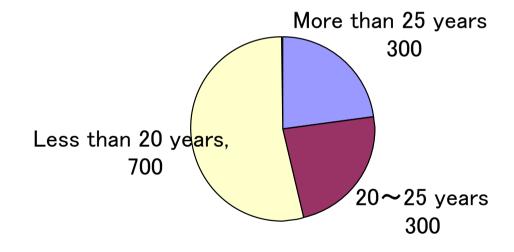






Duration of usage of Acetylene Cylinders in Japan

Cylinder numbers used (x 1,000)



2002 Study Report









Getting consensus on the Acetylene cylinder treatment business









CRC - Company Profile

■ Established: Nov 21, 2003

Purpose: To undertake the scrapping of high pressure cylinders and the

safe pre-treatment of cylinders to be recycled inline with the

social responsibility on safety and preservation of the

environment.

■Investors: 14 member companies of JIMGA. Initial capital =100 million

yen.

■Operations: * Scrapping of high pressure gas cylinders

* R & D of technology for re-use of high pressure gas cylinders

and the dissemination of related information

★ All operations involved in or related to the above

■Treatment capacity: Acetylene cylinders 40,000 cyl. / year

Special gases cylinders 5,000 cyl./year

Other gas cylinders 1,000 cyl./year









View of the CRC Plant



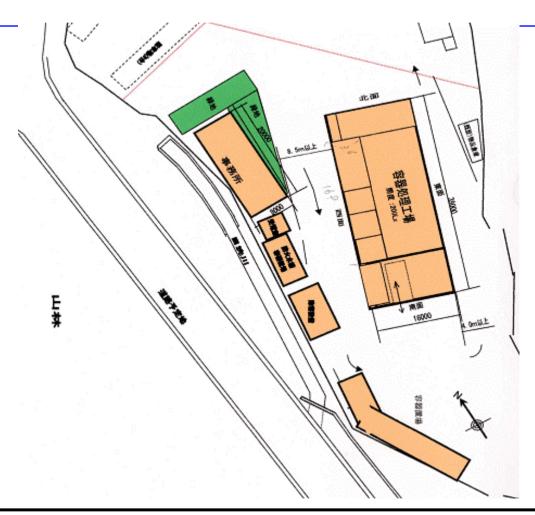








Layout of the Plant



Land area: 3,650m²

O Operating area :621m2

(Breakdown)

For acetylene cyl.: 456m2

For special gases: 165m2

O Office use: 166m2

Address:

Wagi-Cho, Kuga-Gun, Yamaguchi Prefecture









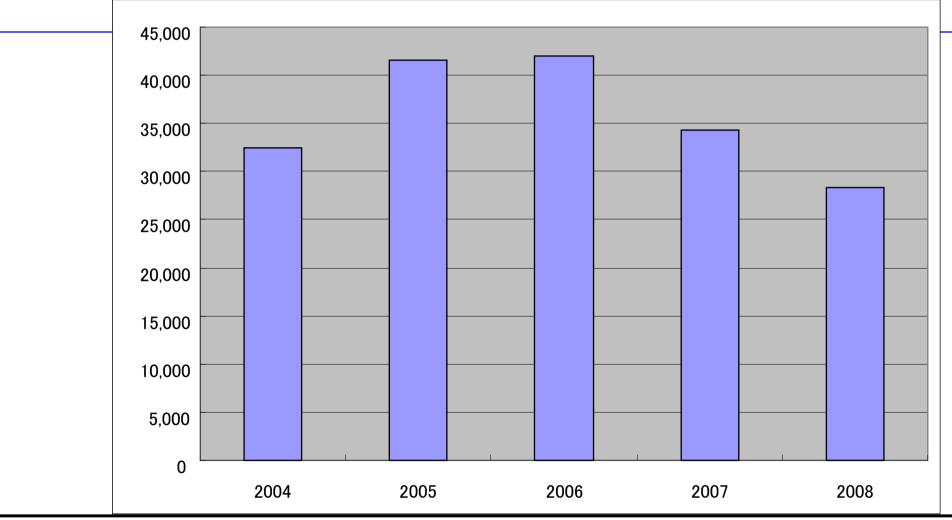








Number of acetylene cylinders treated - by Year



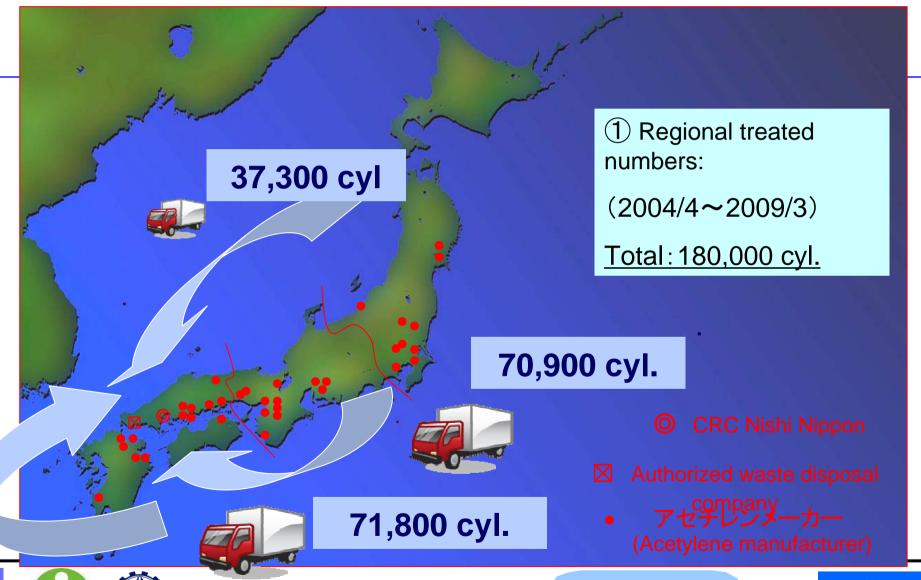








Acetylene cylinders treated – by regions

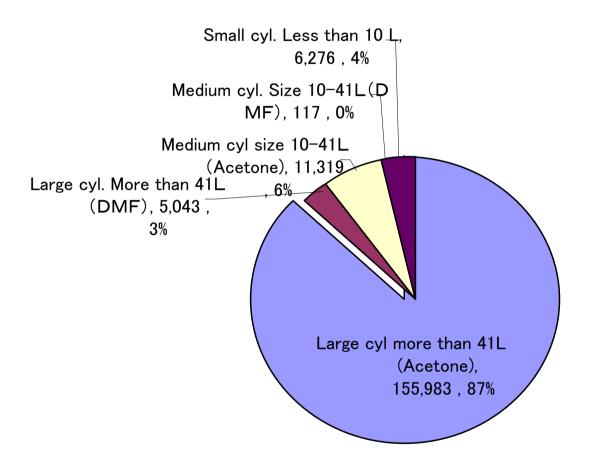








Acetylene cylinders treated- by types of cylinders





Small cylinder



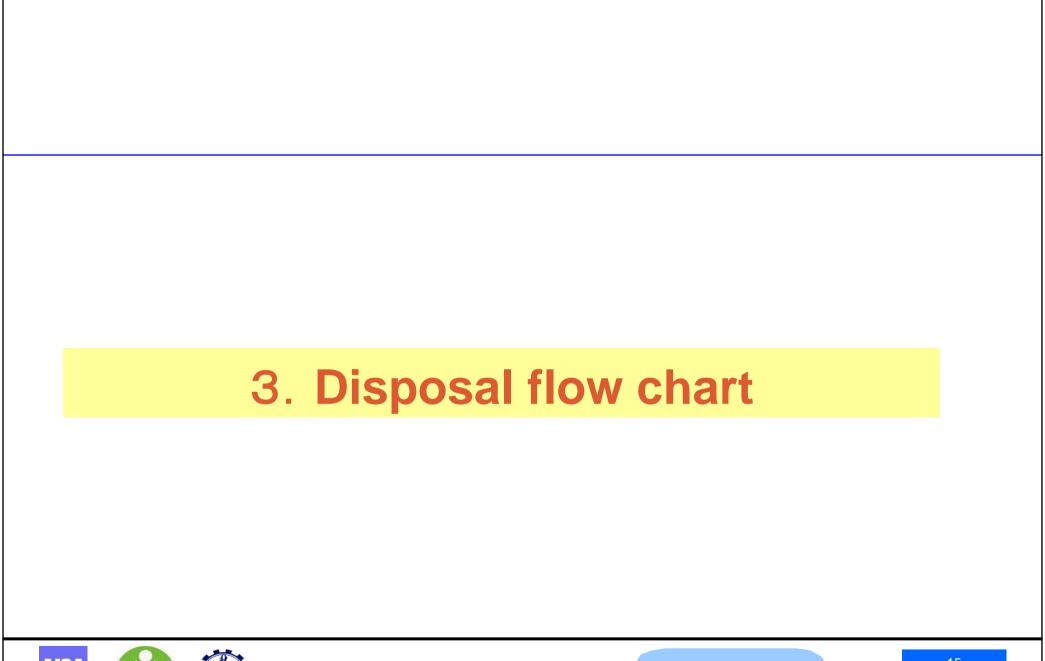
Large cylinder









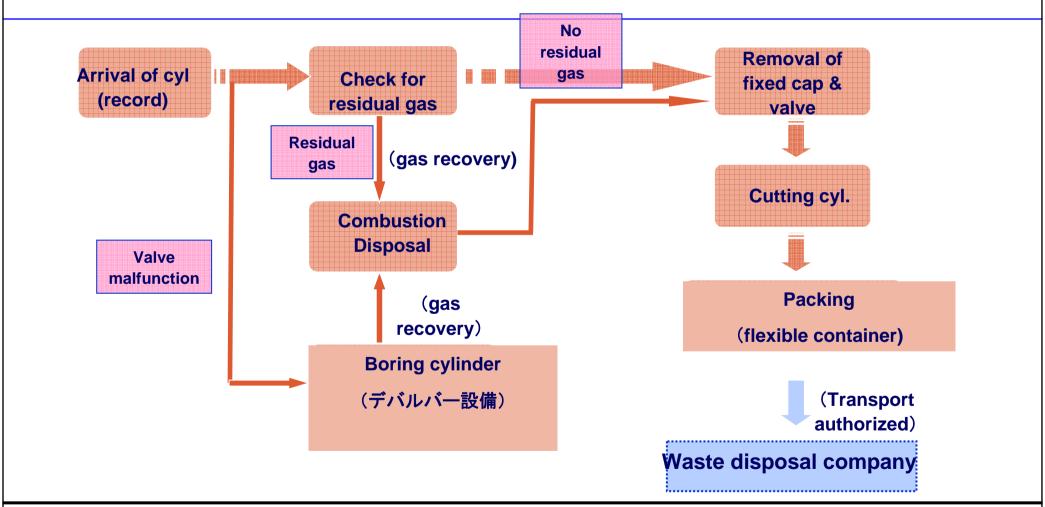








Disposal flow chart



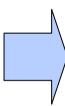






Acetylene cylinder disposal process ① (Arrival & Off-loading)







250~400cyl./truck

2500~3500cyl./month

Unloading



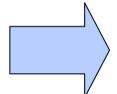






Acetylene cylinder disposal process ② (Venting of gas)







Gas recovery unit

(20 cyl. manifold for Acetylene cylinders)

Flare stack









Acetylene cylinder disposal process ③ (in case of valve malfunction)



Boring (drilling)

Capacity: 400L

Hydro test pressure: 4MPa



De-valve container (coffin)









Acetylene cylinder disposal process 4 (Removal of cap & valve)





Cap cutting machine

Valve removal machine









Acetylene cylinder disposal process (5) (Cutting of cylinder)



Cutting machine



Cylinders after cutting

(Cut cylinders are covered in order to avoid injury & scattering of asbestos)









Acetylene cylinder disposal process⁶ (Packing)





Putting into flexible container

500Kg/container(approx. 10 cylinders)





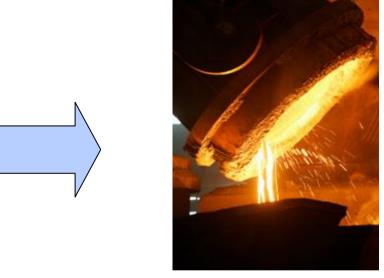




Acetylene cylinder disposal process (7) (Shipping out)







Being reclaimed as steel product in electric arc furnace

©Process 1~7 takes approx. 7 minutes/cylinder



















Regulations for Acetylene cylinder treatment

Applicable regulation: High Pressure Gas Safety Law

Article 56: The owner of the cylinders shall scrap or otherwise dispose of them in case they are not suitable for gas filling without delay

Related regulations	Items to be enforced
Labour, Safety & Health	Appointment of operating chief
Regulations	Installation of local ventilation system & conduct
Regulations on asbestos -	test measurements (once/6 months)
	Personnel health check (once /6 months)
Waste treatment regulations	Contract with waste disposal company
	Requirements for Waste management manifest









Safety Measures

For:	Items to be performed
Work area	Monitoring by gas detectors Measuring work environment
Worker	Training course for operating officer Training on major incidents control
Facility	Routine self-inspection Daily inspection









Prevention of asbestos scattering







Cutting machine for cylinders (saw)

Hood & suction dust extractor

Filter collection efficiency 99.97% (0.3 μ m)

Evacuation volume: 33.0 m³/min









Results of work area measurement

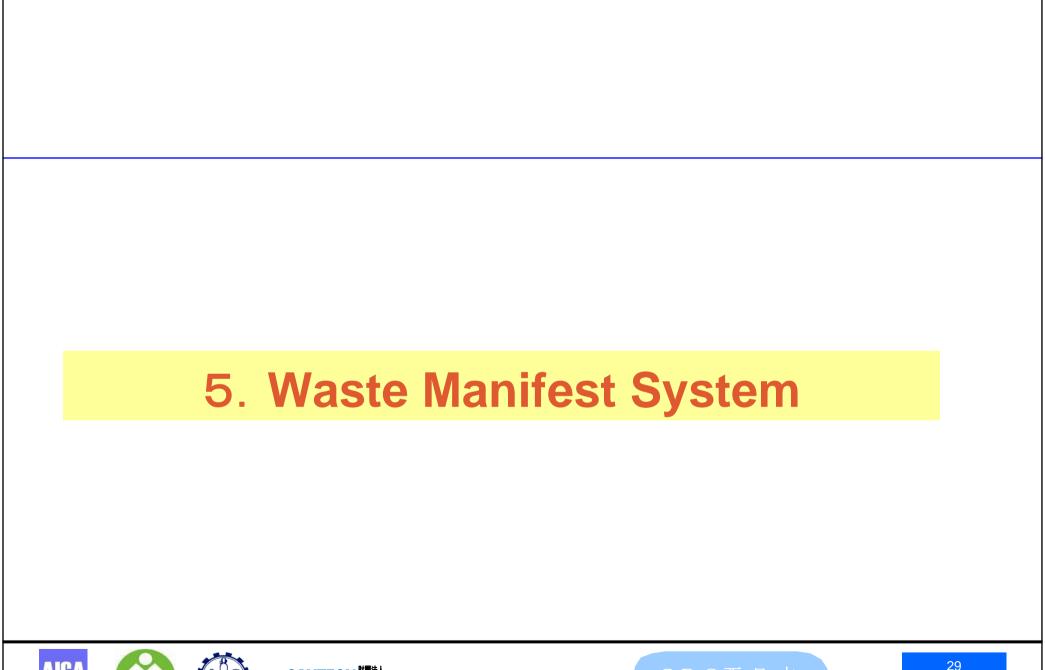
	Material	Allowable concentration limits	Actual
Work environment	Asbestos	0.15 (units/cm ³)	<0.015 (units /cm³)
	Acetone	500(ppm)	50(ppm)
Area at the work place boundary	Asbestos	10(units/L)	<0.3(units/L)

















Waste manifest system

Discharging company shall issue the manifest (industrial waste management record) and to confirm the correct transmission of treatment information and the proper treatment –



Responsibility of the discharging company

7 sets of documents:

A票: CRC西日本控え

B1票:収集運搬業者控え

B2票: 運搬終了を確認

C1票:最終処分業者控え

C2票: 運搬業者が処分終了を確認

D票: 処分終了を確認

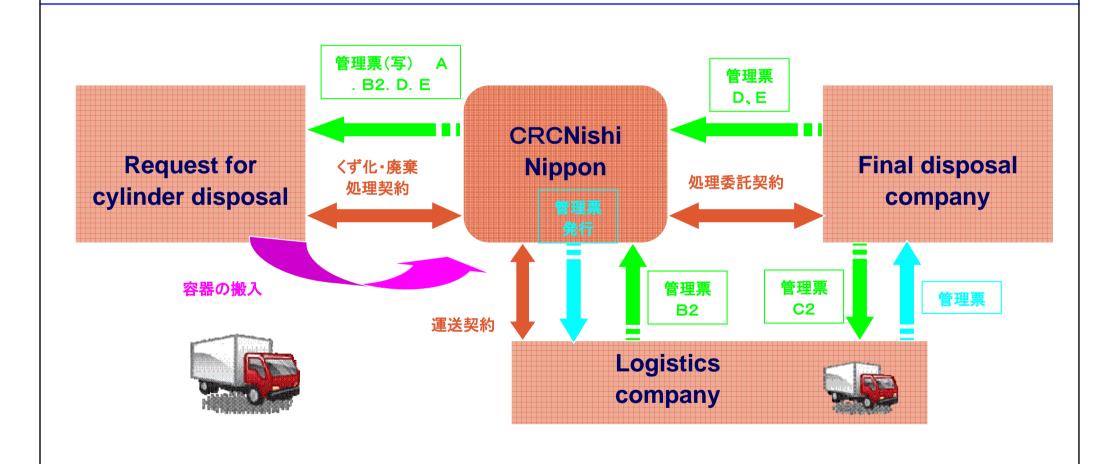
E票: 最終処分終了を確認







Industrial waste cylinder process flow

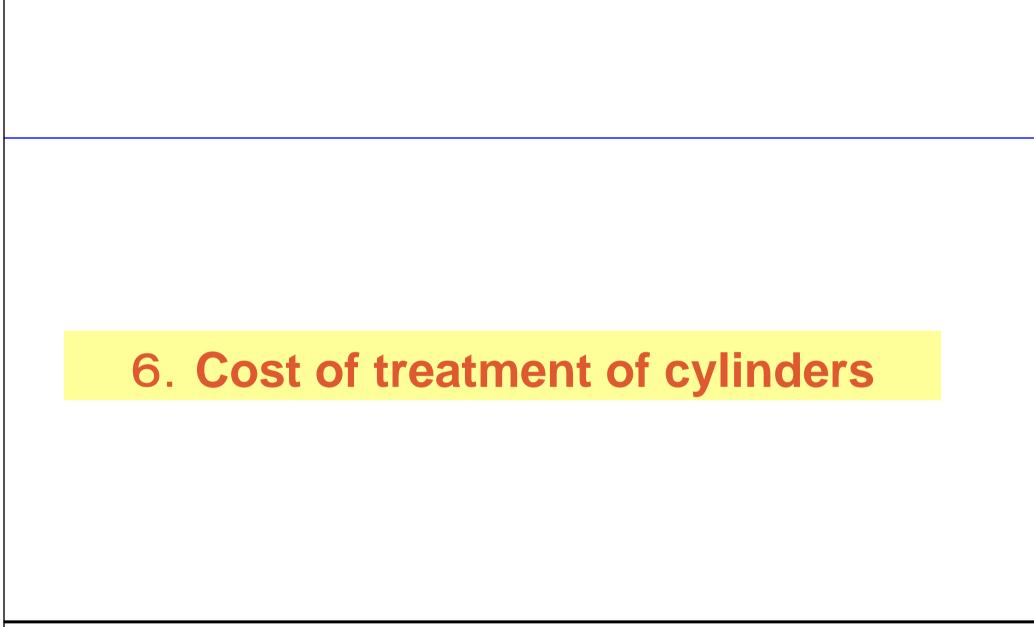


















Breakdown Cost of treatment of cylinders

2008 Actual result (including specialty gases cylinders)

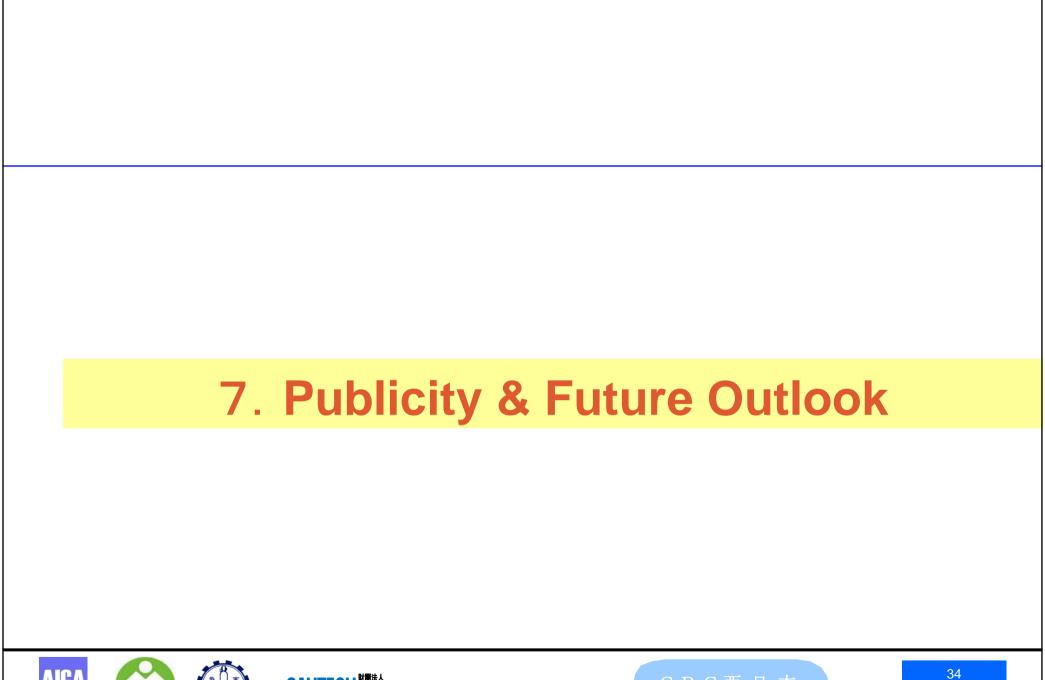
Expenses	Items	Ratio(%)
[Production cost]		76
	Labour	13
	Materials	20
	Depreciation	20
	Others	23
[Sales & Admin]		24

















Success pointers of cylinder treatment business











Publicity Activities

JIMGA's activities

- OPrepare guidelines for acetylene cylinder life.
 - 38 years of use (for cylinders using asbestos mass)
- ODistribute guidelines and pamphlets
 - to acetylene manufacturers and sales agents
- Introduce and promote CRC Nishi Nippon
 - publish in Association magazine









Future Outlook

In order to promote cylinder treatment

Use of asbestos



Increase environmental awareness among acetylene users/suppliers

Illegal dumping of cylinders



Use of expired cylinders



Resale of cylinders











